

TOOL: Indicators of Schoolwide SEL Walkthrough Protocol

Collaborating closely with out-of-school time partners? See the OST-enhanced version of this tool

School	Observer Name(s)	Date

Definitions

Social and emotional learning (SEL) is the process through which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes, and skills necessary to understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain positive relationships, and make responsible decisions.

<u>Schoolwide SEL</u> is a systemic approach to integrating academic, social, and emotional learning across classrooms, the school building, and in collaboration with families and community partners. This approach provides a learning environment that infuses SEL into all aspects of instruction and promotes equitable outcomes for all students.

Purpose

This protocol is designed to help school-based SEL teams and/or observers look for <u>indicators of schoolwide SEL</u>. The protocol is designed to support the continuous improvement of schoolwide SEL implementation. School-based SEL teams can use data from this protocol to set schoolwide implementation goals, reflect on and track progress, and develop or adjust action plans. By rating the indicators of schoolwide SEL, the walkthrough protocol allows observers and teachers to <u>focus on</u> <u>feedback and development</u>. It is not a comprehensive evaluation system, but should be one of multiple measures for coaching and feedback. Schools are encouraged to be inclusive by involving a broad range of stakeholders in use of this walkthrough protocol, which could also include students and family members.

Design

This protocol is divided into two sections that allow observers to look for evidence of schoolwide SEL across multiple contexts:

- Section 1: Classroom climate and practices. This section provides guidance on observing classroom climates and practices. It is <u>not</u> intended to provide data on individual teacher or classrooms. Rather, it should be used to support teams tracking the progress of schoolwide SEL implementation *across* classrooms. Before beginning observations, it is helpful to explain to teacher the purpose of the visit and to observe multiple classrooms during different times of the day.
- Section 2: Schoolwide systems and practices. This section provides guidance on observing schoolwide SEL implementation across the school's climate, family and community partnerships, and continuous improvement systems. In addition to observations in school common areas, it is necessary to have conversations with school staff, leadership, the SEL team, community partners, and students and/or their families to better understand how SEL is being implemented across contexts. When having conversations with these stakeholders, request relevant artifacts to help score the protocol accurately.

Scoring

• When using the rubric, score each item on a scale from 4 (strong evidence) to 1 (weak or no evidence).

Section 1

- o "4" indicates strong evidence that SEL is internalized and owned by teachers and students.
- o "3" indicates that classrooms are effectively promoting SEL but efforts are mostly teacher-led.
- o "2" indicates that classroom practices attempt to promote SEL but are inconsistent.
- "1" indicates that there is not yet evidence that classroom practices are attempting to promote SEL through this item. If there was an opportunity to see something and it was not done, that should be a "1"

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- Score "not observed" if you do not have enough information to provide an accurate score. This should be used sparingly. Scoring "not observed" may be due to time constraints and not being in a classroom long enough to see a particular strategy or behavior.
- Each component in this section includes "look-fors" that are intended to serve as guidance only. These look-fors are not an exhaustive list and should not be the only practices and strategies to look for.

Section 2

- "4" indicates strong evidence that SEL is seamlessly integrated into schoolwide systems and practices.
- "3" indicates that schoolwide systems and practices are effectively promoting SEL but not yet fully integrated into all aspects of the school.
- o "2" indicates that schoolwide systems and practices attempt to promote SEL but are inconsistent.
- o "1" indicates that there is not yet evidence that schoolwide systems and practices are attempting to promote SEL through this item.
- Score "not observed" if you do not have enough information to provide an accurate score. This should be used sparingly. Scoring "not observed" may be due to time constraints, not being in common areas long enough to see a particular strategy or behavior, or not being able to observe SEL practices and strategies that occur outside of the regular school day.
- Each component in this section includes "look-fors" that are intended to serve as guidance only. These look-fors are not an exhaustive list and should not be the only practices and strategies to look for.

Procedure

- Classroom
 - Identify which classrooms you will visit before getting started, and let each teacher know the purpose of the walkthrough and how many observers to expect. It is important for them to know that you are not evaluating their classroom, and instead are observing SEL implementation in multiple classrooms and throughout the school building. It is good practice to share the results of the walkthrough once it is completed, since it is a learning opportunity for all educators in the building.
 - Be systematic and consistent with how long you spend in each observed classroom. This protocol was designed to be used with 15-minute visits to each classroom. This short of an interval allows observers to visit more classrooms and common areas. However, such a short interval can result in data that are less reliable. For example, only being in a classroom for 15 minutes means you will miss a lot of the instruction that will happen during rest of the day. Results of the walkthrough will be impacted by when you are and are not in each classroom. More accurate data can be collected if classrooms are visited for longer amounts of time of time. The most important factor is consistency in observations. If you observe one classroom for 30 minutes, be sure the rest of your classroom observations are also 30 minutes long.
 - Be mindful of how note taking can be perceived by educators. In some instances, it may make them feel uncomfortable, so consider not taking notes when you're in the classroom. If you don't take notes in the classroom you can write them down afterwards once leaving the room.
- Schoolwide
 - Before getting started, identify stakeholders who are available and willing to have a conversation about schoolwide SEL with observers. It is helpful when building leaders, educators, support staff, students, and families can provide their perspectives on schoolwide SEL and how it is being implemented.
 - Request artifacts that relate to schoolwide SEL to help with scoring this walkthrough protocol. Asking about artifacts before starting the walkthrough can identify SEL practices and strategies to look for. Asking about artifacts after the walk allows observers to follow upon SEL practices and strategies they observed in practice.
 - Identify which common areas you will observe before getting started. You will want to visit areas where students and adults are interacting, such as the main office, cafeteria, library, gymnasium, and outdoor spaces.
 - \circ $\;$ Make sure to time the walkthrough so you are in hallways during transitions.
 - Score this section of the protocol Score this section of the protocol after all common areas have been visited, and after having conversations with stakeholders and reviewing any artifacts they offered. Each of these will be important to draw upon when scoring this section.



Section 1: Classroom Climate and Practices

This section guides observers in looking for evidence of schoolwide SEL across classroom climate and practices. It is <u>not</u> intended to evaluate or assess individual teacher or classrooms. Before beginning the walkthrough, it is helpful to explain to teacher the purpose of the visit and to observe multiple classrooms during different times of the day.

	4	3	2	1	Not Observed
1. Supportive classroom clim	ate				
Classroom learning environm	nents are supportive, culturally re	esponsive, and focused on build	ling relationships and communit	ty.	
1a. Teacher-student relationships Look for/Learn about: -Addresses each student by name - Response to student needs - Positive teacher language - Affirming student efforts -Students sharing ideas, perspectives, concerns	Nearly all students share their ideas, perspectives and concerns with their teacher and their peers. Teacher joins in students' activities, positively communicates and demonstrates warmth and enjoyment with students. Teacher acknowledges students by name and affirms student interests, efforts and accomplishments in the classroom. Teacher demonstrates awareness to and responds to students' needs and demonstrates that they appreciate each student as an individual.	Over half of students share their ideas, perspectives and concerns with their teacher and their peers. Teacher acknowledges students by name and affirms student interests, efforts and accomplishments in the classroom. Teacher demonstrates awareness to and responds to student needs and demonstrates that they appreciate each student as an individual.	Less than half of students share their ideas, perspectives and concerns with their teacher and their peers. Teacher attempts to build a positive relationship with students. Teacher does not seem aware that some students are not participating fully in classroom activities	Students are not yet sharing their ideas, perspectives and concerns with their teacher. Teacher is primarily concerned with conveying content There is not yet evidence that the teacher has established positive relationships with all students.	
1b. Cultural responsiveness Look for/Learn about: - Teacher learns about students' cultures, backgrounds, talents, and interests. - Student experiences and identities reflected in classroom materials, curriculum, and/or instruction - Posted student work that reflects their identities, cultures, and/or life experiences -Students of all subgroups actively engaged in classroom activities	Nearly all students share about their lives and backgrounds.Students of all subgroups (e.g. race, gender) are actively engaged and collaborate with one another and try to understand each other's perspectives.Teacher encourages students to share their stories with one another and to have pride in their history and linguistic and cultural identities.	More than half of students of all subgroups share about their lives and backgrounds. Teacher encourages students to share their stories with one another and to have pride in their history and linguistic and cultural identities Affirming materials, messages and images about students' racial and ethnic identities are present throughout the classroom	Less than half of students share about their lives and backgrounds. The teacher is somewhat using instructional practices that draw upon students' lived experiences. Teacher uses classroom materials and curriculum that are representative of diverse groups.	Students are not yet sharing about their lives and backgrounds. The teacher is not yet using instructional practices that draw upon students' lived experiences. There is no classroom library or other available materials that contain multicultural content that reflect the perspectives of and show appreciation for diverse groups yet.	

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1c. Classroom routines and procedures Look for/Learn about: - Classroom activities introduced - Predictable routines and procedures -Routines and procedures promote expression of social and emotional competencies.	Teacher affirms students' languages and cultural knowledge by integrating it into classroom conversations and using materials incorporating students' racial and ethnic identities. Students assume responsibility for routines and procedures and execute them in an orderly, efficient and self-directed manner, requiring little or no direction or narration. Teacher creates predictability in daily classroom routines, cues students for upcoming activities, and provides reminders when needed of classroom procedures. Classroom routines and procedures are not overly restrictive and promote autonomy.	A subset of students assume responsibility for routines and procedures and execute them in an orderly, efficient and self- directed manner, requiring little or no direction or narration. Teacher provides students with clear guidance when introducing classroom activities, such as what is expected, learning objectives, and whether and how they should collaborate with peers. At times, classroom routines and procedures were observed to restrict expression of student	Students engage in familiar routines and procedures with comfort and ease. Teacher is beginning to provide students with guidance when introducing classroom activities, such as what is expected, learning objectives, and whether and how they should collaborate with peers. Classroom routines and procedures tend to be restrictive and limit autonomy.	Students do not appear to be familiar with classroom routines and procedures, requiring teacher direction or narration. Clear routines and procedures are not yet developed.	
1d. Student-centered discipline	Students monitor and regulate their behavior and emotions in	social and emotional competencies. Students attempt to use problem-solving strategies and	Few students attempt to use problem-solving strategies and	Students are not regulating their behavior and emotions in the	
Look for/Learn about: - Strategies/tools available for students to problem-solve and self- manage (e.g., reflection posters, reflection sheets, etc.). - Use of verbal and non-verbal cues to communicate and promote expected behaviors. - Reinforce desired behaviors. - Discreet redirection of problem behaviors.	the classroom. Students use problem-solving strategies and tools to resolve conflicts. Teacher redirects any behavior challenges respectfully and discreetly by encouraging student reflection and use of SEL strategies and does so consistently across all students. Teacher models, teaches and offers specific tools and problem-solving strategies that students can use to resolve	tools to resolve conflict. Teacher redirects any behavior challenges respectfully and discreetly and does so consistently across all students. Teacher is beginning to teach and offer tools and problem- solving strategies that students can use to resolve conflicts and monitor their own behaviors and emotions.	tools to resolve conflict. Teacher's responds to behavior challenges respectfully but takes time away from lessons and/or does not effectively resolve the problem. The approach to student discipline in this classroom relies on punitive consequences, such as removing privileges.	classroom. Teacher does not yet respond to behavior challenges respectfully or responds to student misbehavior in a way that is not consistent across all students.	
	conflicts, monitor their own behavior and emotions, repair relationships, and seek help when needed in the classroom.				

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 1e. Community-building Look for/Learn about: Opportunities for students to connect with each other (e.g., team talk, circles, morning meetings). Physical space is set up to foster community (e.g., whole-group meeting spot, desks arranged for collaboration). Classroom shared agreements posted. 	Nearly all students contribute to class discussions, take an active role in supporting their peers, and there is a strong sense of inclusivity. Teacher models warm and respectful classroom interaction and provides frequent opportunities for students to dialogue, get to know one another, and discuss their social and emotional competencies. Teacher uses shared agreements and classroom routines to help students collaborate and reflect on how they want to treat one another and learn together in the classroom. The classroom is set up in a way that promotes student interaction.	More than half of students contribute to class discussions and participate in activities. Teacher models respectful classroom interaction and provides frequent opportunities for students to dialogue and get to know one another. Shared agreements are present in the classroom but may not be referenced directly. The classroom is set up in a way that promotes student interaction.	Less than half of students contribute to class discussions and participate in activities. Teacher provides some opportunities for students to get to know one another. The classroom is set up in a way that promotes student interaction.	Student are not yet contributing to class discussions and participating in activities. Teacher does not yet use strategies to help students get to know one. The classroom is not yet set up in a way that promotes student interaction.
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2. Explicit SEL instruction

Students have consistent opportunities to cultivate, practice, and reflect on social and emotional competencies in ways that are developmentally appropriate and culturally responsive.

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2a. Explicit SEL instruction Look for/Learn about: - Evidence of a SEL program (e.g., posters, circles, related student work, student-of-the-day stickers). - Structured SEL lessons.	Students lead routines or learning activities and regularly connect their perspectives and experiences to instruction. Nearly all students are actively engaged in explicit SEL instruction, reflecting on their own social and emotional competencies, and practicing the skills they are learning with peers	More than half of students are actively engaged in explicit SEL instruction, reflecting on their own social and emotional competencies, and practicing the skills they are learning with peers. Teacher provides developmentally appropriate direct instruction on social and emotional skills.	Less than half of students are actively engaged in explicit SEL instruction, reflecting on their own social and emotional competencies, and practicing the skills they are learning with peers. Teacher provides some opportunities for students to practice social and emotional skills in ways that are mostly developmentally appropriate	Students are not yet participating in explicit SEL instruction. Teacher does not yet provide direct instruction on explicit on social and emotional skills. There are little to no opportunities for students to practice social and emotional skills.	
	Teacher provides developmentally appropriate direct instruction on social and emotional skills. Instruction consistently employs active forms of learning, containing activities that clearly	emotional skills. Instruction mostly employs active forms of learning, containing activities that emphasize developing personal and social skills, and targets specific social and emotional skills.	skills in ways that are mostly developmentally appropriate and culturally responsive. Instruction targets specific social and emotional skills, but learning is somewhat passive.	JAINJ	
	emphasize developing personal and social skills, and targets				



specific social and emotional skills.		
Teacher provides time for students to practice what they are learning.		

3. SEL integrated with academic instruction

SEL content and objectives are integrated into rigorous instruction through interactive and collaborative pedagogies. This enables ongoing practice of SEL skills and strengthens teaching and learning of academic content.

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3a. Fostering academic	Nearly all students are actively		Less than half of students are	Students are not yet engaged in
mindsets	engaged in academic tasks and	engaged in academic tasks and	engaged in academic tasks or	academic tasks or discussions.
	discussions.	discussions.	discussions.	The teacher does not yet
	Students provide constructive	Students share their thinking and	Teacher sets high expectations for all	-
Look for/Learn about:	feedback to their classmates,	5	students and offers students	all students.
	share their thinking and discuss		opportunities to fix mistakes.	
- Visible materials or discussion about mindsets	different approaches or answers to questions.	Teacher sets high expectations for all		
(e.g., growth vs. fixed)			support to guide students but may	
 Positive verbal and/or non- verbal expectations communicated. 	Teacher sets high expectations and expresses confidence that all students can persevere through		jump in with the answers rather than allow for productive struggle	
-Evidence that students are	challenging material.	student thinking and offers students		
able to redo work when they make mistakes.	Teacher facilitates discussions	opportunities to fix mistakes.		
	that honor more than one right	The teacher provides additional		
- Challenges normalized and mistakes framed as	answer and expresses interest in	support to guide students through		
opportunities	students' thinking.	challenges when needed.		
	Teacher provides specific and	chanenges when needed.		
	frequent feedback for			
	improvement and offers			
	students opportunities to fix			
	mistakes.			



3b. Aligning SEL and academic objectives Look for/Learn about: - SEL standards and/or SEL learning objectives embedded into academic learning. - Connecting SEL competencies to academic content. - Students self-assess and/or reflect on use of SEL competencies.	Nearly all students regularly share their perspectives on how social and emotional competencies connect to what they're learning and initiate reflection on their own social and emotional development. Teacher engages students in meaningful discussions that make connections between SEL and academic content. Teacher provides time and guidance for student reflection on social and emotional competencies. SEL standards and/or learning objectives are specified by the teacher and are embedded into instruction.	Most students share their perspectives on how social and emotional competencies connect to what they're learning and initiate reflection on their own social and emotional development. Teacher engages students in meaningful discussions that connect SEL to academic content. Teacher is starting to facilitate student reflection on social and emotional competencies. SEL standards and/or learning objectives are not yet specified by the teacher.	Some students share their perspectives on how social and emotional competencies connect to what they're learning and initiate reflection on their own social and emotional development. Teacher is beginning to engage students in discussions that connect SEL to academic content. SEL standards and /or learning objectives are not yet specified by the teacher.	Students do not yet reflect on social and emotional competencies and make connections to what they're learning. Teacher does not attempt to engage students in discussion that connects SEL to academic content and does not yet facilitate student reflection on social emotional competencies. There is not yet evidence that SEL standards, goals, or learning objectives /guidelines inform instruction.	
3c. Interactive pedagogy Look for/Learn about: - Extent to which teacher facilitates discussions and activities with high levels of student engagement - Student self-assessment and/or reflection that occurs during lessons. - Teacher's use of cooperative structures (e.g., turn to your partner). - Students' collaboration with each other - Ratio of student to teacher speech	Student talk time exceeds teacher talk time during instructional time with more than half of students provide input during group discussions. Nearly all students collaborate effectively with one another to complete learning tasks and monitor their own interactions to ensure input from all group members. Teacher uses cooperative learning activities that encourage all students to apply social and emotional skills to engage with academic content. Teacher provides opportunities for students to discuss and reflect on how they are working together as a group and how they can ensure all ideas are heard.	during instructional time with half of students providing input during group discussions. Teacher uses lesson activities that engage students in meaningful	Students do less than half the talking during instructional time with less than half of students provide input during group discussions. Teacher tries to use instructional practices that engage students in discussion and collaboration. Teacher talk, or the voices of a small group of students, may dominate the lesson.	Student talk and interaction is minimal. There is not yet evidence that the teacher uses instructional lessons that engage students in discussion and collaboration. Instruction is largely teacher-driven.	

4. Youth voice and engagement (classroom level)

Staff honor and elevate a broad range of student perspectives and experiences by engaging students as leaders, problem-solvers, and decision-makers.



4a. Youth voice and engagement	Students co-design and lead their own approaches to learning, and regularly drive classroom discussions as developmentally	More than half of students give input on classroom projects, operations, and/or routines.	Less than half of students have leadership opportunities in the classroom. Teacher offers meaningful choices	Students have minimal input into classroom activities. Learning is predominantly teacher- driven.	
Look for/Learn about: - Students' contributions to/leadership in the classroom. - Student voice and/or choice in learning activities - Opportunities for students to share their opinions and devise strategies for classroom improvement. - Displays of student work - Displays of class survey results	appropriate. Nearly all students give input when making choices about classroom projects, operations, and/or routines. Teacher provides students with developmentally appropriate opportunities to contribute to decision-making around classroom projects, operations, or routines. Teacher designs instruction around students' interest/motivation and provides frequent opportunities for students to express their point of view, co-construct knowledge, and make choices about their learning.	developmentally appropriate leadership roles in the classroom.	for students to select from. Teacher provides opportunities for a few students to take developmentally appropriate leadership roles in the classroom.		

Section 2: Schoolwide Systems and Practices

This section provides guidance on observing schoolwide SEL implementation across the school's climate, family and community partnerships, and continuous improvement systems. For this section, it may be beneficial to include conversations with school staff, leadership, the SEL team, community partners, and students and/or their families to better understand the ways strategies occur within their respective contexts and to review relevant artifacts, along with observations of school common areas.

School	School						
	4	3	2	1	Not Observed		
00	1. Youth voice and engagement (school level) Staff honor and elevate a broad range of student perspectives and experiences by engaging students as leaders, problem-solvers, and decision-makers.						
1a. Youth voice and engagement Look for/Learn about: - There is evidence of student participation (via surveys, journal writing, or other products).	There are meaningful, developmentally appropriate opportunities for all students to share their opinions, take on leadership roles, devise strategies for school improvement, and inform	Most students have developmentally appropriate opportunities to elevate their voice and leadership skills. Students are invited to share their opinions and inform decision-making.	Student leadership opportunities are limited to structures like student government, where few students have opportunities to participate. At times, students are invited to share their opinions and inform decision-making.	The school does not yet invite students to share opinions or take on leadership roles.			



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- Students serve on decision- making and/or advisory teams.	decision-making around issues that they prioritize.				
- There is evidence of service- learning projects or student- led awareness campaigns.					
2. Supportive school climation	ate				
The schoolwide learning e	nvironment is supportive, cultura	ally responsive, and focused on b	ouilding relationships and communit	.y.	
2a. Sense of community	Culturally responsive and collaboratively developed	Clear schoolwide norms for interactions are evident	Norms are present in some areas but not consistently followed or	There is no evidence that schoolwide norms have been	
and safety Look for/Learn about:	schoolwide norms clearly convey	throughout the school. Routines	reinforced. Routines and procedures	developed yet. Safety may be a	
- SEL-focused schoolwide norms are displayed in common areas.	how all staff and students agree to interact with each other. Clear routines and	and procedures are mostly followed. Students and staff can navigate common areas safely.	are unclear in some areas, but students and staff can navigate most common areas safely. Some students	concern for students and staff.	
- Students and staff model social and emotional competencies.	procedures are evident and contribute to the safety of students and staff in common	Most students and staff model schoolwide norms and social and emotional competencies.	and staff model norms and social and emotional competencies.		
- There are inviting, well- maintained common areas.	areas. Students and staff consistently model schoolwide norms and social and emotional				
 A variety of meaningful, creative, and recent student work is prominently displayed. 	competencies.				
2b. Staff and student relationships Look for/Learn about: - Staff greet students as they arrive at school and at class, and in the halls as appropriate. - Staff demonstrate knowledge of students on a personal level.	Staff engage regularly in positive and encouraging interactions with students in common areas. At times, students initiate these interactions. Staff demonstrate knowledge of students on a personal level . Feedback around norms for common spaces is shared in a way that respects students' dignity .	Staff have mostly positive interactions with students in common areas. Feedback around norms for common spaces is shared in a way that respects students' dignity.	Staff have mostly neutral interactions with students in common areas. At times, feedback around norms in common spaces is negatively framed.	Staff have limited or frequently negative interactions with students in common areas.	
2c. Staff relationships Look for/Learn about: - Staff greet one another in the halls as appropriate. - Staff demonstrate knowledge of one another on a personal level.	School staff are highly supportive of one another. Interactions are friendly and respectful . Staff seek out collaborative relationships.	School staff are supportive of one another. Interactions are friendly and respectful.	Staff mostly interact professionally with one another but do not show active support for one another.	Staff do not regularly interact with each other or have negative staff relationships.	
2d. Student relationships Look for/Learn about: - Student interactions that are respectful, friendly, and inclusive.	Students seem to genuinely care for one another and hold one another accountable for respectful interactions . There is a sense of inclusivity among all students.	Student interactions are respectful and friendly.	Students are somewhat respectful to peers, but they may have a few conflicts.	Students are routinely disrespectful to one another and/or have frequent conflicts with peers.	

3. Focus on adult SEL

Staff have regular opportunities to cultivate their own social, emotional, and cultural competence; collaborate with one another; build trusting relationships; and maintain a strong community.

 3a. Focus on adult SEL Look for/Learn about: There are documented staff shared agreements. SEL is integrated into staff meetings. Staff model social and emotional competencies through their interactions. 	Staff have regular professional learning opportunities to cultivate adult SEL and SEL strategies. Most staff are regularly engaged in collaborative learning or planning, and SEL practices are embedded in all staff meetings . Staff consistently model social, emotional, and cultural competencies through their interactions.	Staff have many opportunities to cultivate adult SEL and SEL strategies. Some staff are engaged in collaborative learning or planning, and SEL practices are embedded in some meetings. Many staff model social, emotional, and cultural competencies through their interactions.	SEL topics or practices are occasionally included in staff professional learning or meetings. Few structures exist for staff to collaboratively learn or plan. Some staff model social, emotional, and cultural competencies through their interactions.	SEL is infrequently or not yet part of staff practices, meetings, or professional learning. Few staff model social, emotional, and cultural competencies through their interactions.	
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4. Schoolwide supportive discipline

Schoolwide discipline policies and practices are instructive, restorative, developmentally appropriate, and equitably enforced.

 4a. Supportive discipline Look for/Learn about: A student code of conduct promotes instructive, restorative, and developmentally appropriate discipline policies and practices. There is evidence of circles/other restorative practices. 	Schoolwide discipline policies and procedures are well- documented and avoid exclusionary discipline. Staff examine discipline data to ensure equitable outcomes for students. Staff follow documented policies and procedures and are highly- effective at using restorative , instructive , and developmentally appropriate behavioral responses .	Schoolwide discipline policies and procedures are well-documented and avoid exclusionary discipline. Staff examine discipline data a few times a year to ensure equitable outcomes for students. Staff mostly follow documented policies and procedures, and most staff use restorative, instructive, and developmentally appropriate behavioral responses.	Schoolwide discipline policies and procedures are documented and mostly avoid exclusionary discipline. Staff examine discipline data a few times a year, but do not effectively use data to ensure equitable outcomes. Staff are inconsistent at following documented policies and procedures. Staff inconsistently use restorative, instructive, and developmentally appropriate behavioral responses.	Schoolwide discipline policies and procedures are punitive, subjective, or not well documented. Staff responses to student behaviors are ineffective, punitive and/or inequitable.
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5. A continuum of integrated supports

SEL is seamlessly integrated into a continuum of academic and behavioral supports, which are available to ensure that all student needs are met.

5a. A continuum of integrated supports Look for/Learn about: - The SEL team meets regularly with the team or staff responsible for reviewing student referrals and assignments to interventions to ensure coordination and alignment of social and emotional support.	Academic and behavior supports offered at all tiers meet the needs of all students. SEL language, practices, and priorities are embedded in planning, implementation, and progress monitoring of academic and behavioral supports at all tiers.	Academic and behavior supports offered at all tiers meet the needs of most students. SEL language, practices, and priorities are included in planning, implementation, and progress monitoring of most academic and behavioral supports.	Academic and behavior supports offered at all tiers meet the needs of some students. SEL language, practices, and priorities are included in planning, implementation, and progress monitoring of some academic and behavioral supports.	The school has not developed a continuum of supports; OR SEL is not yet included in planning, implementation, and progress monitoring of academic and behavioral supports.	
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Family and Community

	4	3	2	1	Not Observed
6. Authentic family partne	erships				
Families and school staff h	ave many and meaningful opport	tunities to build relationships and	d collaborate to support studer	nts' social, emotional, and academ	ic development.
6a. Authentic family partnerships Look for/Learn about: - There are family-facing newsletters and evidence of two-way communication between families and teachers. - There is evidence of family participation in family nights, school events, surveys, etc. - Families are represented on the SEL team.	The school offers regular, meaningful opportunities for families to share ideas and feedback on strategies for supporting students' social, emotional, and academic development. These opportunities are offered in families' home languages and at hours convenient for families to attend. School decision-making teams, including the SEL team, have representation from family members.	The school offers several meaningful opportunities for families to share ideas and feedback on strategies for supporting students' social, emotional, and academic development. These opportunities are offered in families' home languages and at hours convenient for families to attend.	The school offers some opportunity for families to share feedback on strategies for supporting students' social, emotional, and academic development.	Families do not yet have opportunities to share feedback on strategies to support students' social, emotional, and academic development.	
6b. Family-school relationships Look for/Learn about: - Staff greet and welcome families. - Family-staff interactions are warm and collaborative. - Family responses to school surveys.	Most families report respectful, collaborative, and trusting relationships with staff. School regularly collects and reviews data on how families feel about their relationships with staff and the families themselves.	Most families report respectful, collaborative, and trusting relationships with staff. School has collected some data on how families feel about their relationships with staff.	Staff interactions with family appear mostly respectful, but the school has not collected data on how families feel about their relationships with staff.	Staff interactions with family are limited or not consistently respectful.	

7. Aligned community partnerships

School staff and community partners align on common language, strategies, and communication around all SEL-related efforts and initiatives, including out-of-school time.



Continuous Improvement

	4	3	2	1	Not Observed
8. Systems for continuous	improvement				
Implementation and outco equity.	ome data are consistently collected	ed, used, and communicated to c	continuously improve all SEL-re	lated systems, practices, and polic	ies with a focus on
8a. Systems for continuous improvement	Roles, responsibilities, and timelines are established and followed for collecting and reflecting on data to improve	Roles, responsibilities, and timelines are established and followed for collecting and reflecting on data to improve	Roles, responsibilities, and timelines may be inconsistent for collecting and reflecting on data to improve SEL-related	Roles, responsibilities, and timelines are not yet established for collecting and reflecting on data to improve SEL-related	
Look for/Learn about:	SEL-related systems, practices	SEL-related systems, practices	systems, practices, and	systems, practices, and policies.	
- Staff meet regularly to discuss data and engage in continuous improvement cycles.	and policies. Data includes student perceptions of their learning environment and	and policies. Data provides opportunities to examine equity in students' experiences and	policies. Data on schoolwide SEL is occasionally shared with some stakeholders.		
- There are newsletters, emails, and posted communications about SEL.	provides opportunities to examine equity in students' experiences and outcomes. Data	outcomes. Data on schoolwide SEL is regularly shared and discussed with administrators,			
- School-level data is communicated with stakeholders in a easy to understand way.	on schoolwide SEL is regularly shared and discussed with administrators, teachers, school- site support staff, students,	teachers, school-site support staff, students, families, and community partners.			
 Data elevates youth voice by addressing student perceptions of their learning environment, as well as their strengths and needs. 	families, and community partners. The SEL team uses a structured process to engage these stakeholders in				
	determining next steps and creating action plans.				